

### **Exploration Resources:**

- [Program Review](#): This guide helps identify areas of clinical and administrative work, workflow, and resources that might be important to consider when planning to implement (or enhance) a medication for opioid use disorder (MOUD) program. The purpose of this review is to identify potential gaps in service and/or barriers and facilitators that can be leveraged to successfully integrate MOUD within your clinical services.
- [Community Partner/Resource Identification Worksheet](#): The purpose of this worksheet is to brainstorm organizations and services within your community and/or region that may be critical partners to enhancing your program's capacity to provide SUD services.
- [Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment \(SBIRT\)](#): SBIRT is an evidence-based process for assessing patients for substance misuse and possible substance use disorders. The following screening tools and guides can help develop a screening protocol:
  - [NIH Screening Tools: Tobacco, Prescription Drugs, etc.](#): The National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIH) has a Screening and Assessment Tools chart to help providers locate the appropriate screening tool.
  - [Pocket Guide: Drinking risk and Motivational Interviewing](#): This is a convenient, two-sided card created to assist providers in screening patients for risky substance use and providing a brief intervention when necessary. Focused on alcohol, this could be used for other substances.
  - [Introduction to SBIRT for Busy Primary Care Leaders](#): This webinar led by Richard L. Brown, MD, MHP was put out by the Implementation Academy through the Opioid Response Network (ORN).

### **Preparation Resources:**

- [Training and Education](#) – PCSS-MOUD has a large [repository of resources](#) for providers with the goal of offering the most effective evidence-based clinical practices in the prevention of OUD through proper opioid prescribing practices, identifying OUD, and treatment. We've chosen to highlight the following resources for Implementation:
  - [SUD Healthcare Team](#): This is a four-module, introductory course on Substance Use Disorders designed to provide fundamental information for all staff working within a healthcare setting.
  - [SUD 101 23 modules](#): This 23-module curriculum provides an overview of evidence-based practices in the prevention, identification, and treatment of substance use disorders and co-occurring medical and psychiatric conditions for a variety of populations.
    - [Module 2: Changing Language to Change Care: Stigma and Substance Use Disorders](#)
  - [8-hour DEA Training](#): We provide several options for prescribers to complete the required DEA 8-hours for the [MATE Act](#). Choose 8-hour training [here](#).
  - [Video Library](#): PCSS-MOUD has developed a library of videos that can be useful in your practice and to share with your patients. Video topics include Buprenorphine, Methadone, Naloxone, Naltrexone, Pain, Stigma/Language, and Treatment.

- [Clinical Pathway for Medications for Opioid Use Disorders](#): This infographic visually lays out the process of initiating buprenorphine for a new patient.
- Guidance/Checklists: These resources include tools, templates, clinical and administrative guides that can be tailored to your program:
  - [2021 Boston Medical Center OBAT Clinical Guidelines](#): Details a collaborative care management of substance use disorders with an emphasis on the integration of low-barrier, evidence-based treatment utilizing medications for opioid use disorder. Includes:
  - [A Guide for Patients Beginning Buprenorphine Treatment at Home](#): An infographic developed by the Yale School of Medicine that can be shared with patients.
  - [Implementation Planning Checklist](#): A checklist for Prescribing Medication for the Treatment of Opioid Use Disorder.
  - [COWs Scale](#): for assessing withdrawal symptom severity.
  - [Office-Based Opioid Treatment \(OBOT\) Minimal Requirements and Best Practices \(ORN Guidance\)](#): This document includes recommendations for minimal requirements for office-based opioid treatment (OBOT) and best practices for OBOT.
  - [Fentanyl Guidance: Practice-Based Guidelines: Buprenorphine in the Age of Fentanyl \(PCSS Guidance\)](#): Provides practical clinical practice-based guidance, based on available research combined with emerging clinical experience, on the use of Buprenorphine in the treatment of individuals using fentanyl and other highly potent synthetic opioids.

### **Implementation Resources:**

- [Mentor Program](#): The PCSS-MOUD Mentor Program offers *three* mentoring options depending on your needs:
  - [Discussion Forum](#) – Post questions, search topics, and connect to a group of over 5,000 providers. The forum can be accessed 24/7 for clinical guidance.
  - [Ask a Clinical Question](#) – Submit specific clinical questions to our lead “mentor on call” and receive a response within 1-2 business days.
  - [One-on-one Mentoring](#) – connect with a clinical expert for individualized guidance via email or phone.
- Opioid Response Network ([ORN](#)): like PCSS-MOUD, the ORN is a SAMHSA-funded project that provides free technical assistance to providers and communities. The ORN provides localized education, training, consultation, and implementation support. To get started, fill out a Technical Assistance Request [here](#).
- Program Monitoring and Sustainability: resources to guide the development of longer-term monitoring protocols and processes to assure MOUD services are working as expected and sustainable over time.

- [ACP PDSA Planning Worksheet](#): a PDSA (Plan-Do-Study-Act) worksheet to assist your clinic set programmatic goals.
- [PCSSMOUD-I Performance Measures](#): We've developed these performance measures from the report below:
  - Paper: [Stepped implementation-to-target: a study protocol of an adaptive trial to expand access to addiction medications](#)
- [Sustainability slide deck](#)